

Department of Defense

223.570-3

coordinate with the safety personnel and request supporting contract administration in accordance with FAR 42.202(e). If the contracting officer believes the nature of the subcontract work poses a potential danger to Government property, Government personnel, production capability, or contract completion, request supporting contract administration.

(ii) If the preaward safety survey identified areas in which a subcontractor was not complying with the manual, and the subcontractor was supposed to correct the deficiencies before start-up, the contracting officer shall require a preoperations survey to verify that the corrections were made.

(iii) When postaward safety reviews by the Government uncover any safety deficiencies in the subcontractor's operation, the review team shall inform the ACO cognizant of the subcontractor, who shall immediately notify the ACO cognizant of the prime contractor. The ACO cognizant of the prime shall inform the prime contractor of deficiencies requiring correction. The notifications shall be made by the most expeditious means appropriate to the circumstance. If a critical safety deficiency poses an imminent danger, the ACO cognizant of the prime shall make the notifications by the most expeditious means available.

[56 FR 36365, July 31, 1991, as amended at 59 FR 27671, May 27, 1994; 64 FR 51076, Sept. 21, 1999]

223.370-5 Contract clauses.

Use the clauses at 252.223-7002, Safety Precautions for Ammunition and Explosives, and 252.223-7003, Change in Place of Performance—Ammunition and Explosives, in all solicitations and contracts for acquisition to which this section applies.

Subpart 223.4—Use of Recovered Materials

223.404 Procedures.

(b)(3) A contract for an EPA designated item that does not meet the EPA minimum recovered material standards shall not be awarded before approval of the written determination

required by FAR 23.404(b)(3). The approving official shall be—

(A) A general or flag officer, or a member of the Senior Executive Service, of the requiring activity; or

(B) For requiring activities without a general or flag officer or member of the Senior Executive Service, the commander of the activity.

(4) Departments and agencies shall centrally collect information submitted in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.223-9 for reporting to the cognizant activity in the Office of the Secretary of Defense.

[60 FR 61596, Nov. 30, 1995, as amended at 63 FR 11531, Mar. 9, 1998]

Subpart 223.5—Drug-Free Workplace

SOURCE: 57 FR 32737, July 23, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

223.570 Drug-free work force.

223.570-1 Definitions.

Employee in a sensitive position and *illegal drugs*, as used in this section, are defined in the clause at 252.223-7004, Drug-Free Work Force.

223.570-2 Policy.

DoD policy is to ensure that its contractors maintain a program for achieving a drug-free work force.

223.570-3 General.

(a) The use of illegal drugs is inconsistent with the law-abiding behavior expected of all citizens. Employees who use illegal drugs tend to be less productive, less reliable, and prone to greater absenteeism. The use of illegal drugs by contractor employees results in the potential for increased cost, delay, and risk in the performance of a Government contract.

(b) If a contractor's employees use illegal drugs at any time, it can—

(1) Impair their ability to perform tasks that are critical to proper contract performance;

(2) Increase the potential for accidents and for failures that can pose a serious threat to the national security, health, and safety;